AUTHORITY: 16 U.S.C. 470aa-mm, 16 U.S.C. 470 et sea.

SOURCE: 55 FR 37630, Sept. 12, 1990, unless otherwise noted.

## § 79.1 Purpose.

- (a) The regulations in this part establish definitions, standards, procedures and guidelines to be followed by Federal agencies to preserve collections of prehistoric and historic material remains, and associated records, recovered under the authority of the Antiquities Act (16 U.S.C. 431–433), the Reservoir Salvage Act (16 U.S.C. 469–469c), section 110 of the National Historic Preservation Act (16 U.S.C. 470h–2) or the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 470aa-mm). They establish:
- (1) Procedures and guidelines to manage and preserve collections;
- (2) Terms and conditions for Federal agencies to include in contracts, memoranda, agreements or other written instruments with repositories for curatorial services:
- (3) Standards to determine when a repository has the capability to provide long-term curatorial services; and
- (4) Guidelines to provide access to, loan and otherwise use collections.
- (b) The regulations in this part contain three appendices that provide additional guidance for use by the Federal Agency Official.
- (1) Appendix A to these regulations contains an example of an agreement between a Federal agency and a non-Federal owner of material remains who is donating the remains to the Federal agency.
- (2) Appendix B to these regulations contains an example of a memorandum of understanding between a Federal agency and a repository for long-term curatorial services for a federally-owned collection.
- (3) Appendix C to these regulations contains an example of an agreement between a repository and a third party for a short-term loan of a federally-owned collection (or a part thereof).
- (4) The three appendices are meant to illustrate how such agreements might appear. They should be revised according to the:
- (i) Needs of the Federal agency and any non-Federal owner;

- (ii) Nature and content of the collection: and
- (iii) Type of contract, memorandum, agreement or other written instrument being used.
- (5) When a repository has preexisting standard forms (e.g., a short-term loan form) that are consistent with the regulations in this part, those forms may be used in lieu of developing new ones.
- [55 FR 37630, Sept. 12, 1990; 55 FR 41639, Oct. 10, 1990]

## § 79.2 Authority.

- (a) The regulations in this part are promulgated pursuant to section 101(a)(7)(A) of the National Historic Preservation Act (16 U.S.C. 470a) which requires that the Secretary of the Interior issue regulations ensuring that significant prehistoric and historic artifacts, and associated records, recovered under the authority of section 110 of that Act (16 U.S.C. 470h-2), the Reservoir Salvage Act (16 U.S.C. 469-469c) and the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 470aa-mm) are deposited in an institution with adequate long-term curatorial capabilities.
- (b) In addition, the regulations in this part are promulgated pursuant to section 5 of the Archaeological Resources Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 470dd) which gives the Secretary of the Interior discretionary authority to promulgate regulations for the:
- (1) Exchange, where appropriate, between suitable universities, museums or other scientific or educational institutions, of archeological resources recovered from public and Indian lands under that Act; and
- (2) Ultimate disposition of archeological resources recovered under that Act (16 U.S.C. 470aa-mm), the Antiquities Act (16 U.S.C. 431-433) or the Reservoir Salvage Act (16 U.S.C. 469-469c).
- (3) It further states that any exchange or ultimate disposition of resources excavated or removed from Indian lands shall be subject to the consent of the Indian or Indian tribe that owns or has jurisdiction over such lands.

[55 FR 37630, Sept. 12, 1990; 55 FR 41639, Oct. 10, 1990]